Name: Period: $\qquad$

## Fill in the blanks.

## SM2 12.1--Circle Vocabulary, Arc and Angle Measures

1. A $\qquad$ is a line in the plane of a circle that intersects the circle in exactly one point, called a point of $\qquad$ .
2. A $\qquad$ is a segment whose endpoints are the center of a circle and a point on the circle.
3. A $\qquad$ is a segment whose endpoints are points on the circle.
4. A $\qquad$ is a chord that passes through the center of a circle.
5. A $\qquad$ is a line that intersects a circle in two points.
6. A $\qquad$ angle is the angle that is formed when 2 radii meet at the center of a circle.
7. An $\qquad$ angle is an angle whose vertex is on a circle and whose sides contain chords of the circle.

Use the diagram below for problems 8-13.

8. $T$ is a $\qquad$ .
10. $\overline{S K}$ is a $\qquad$ .
11. Name a tangent.
12. $\overline{C L}$ is a $\qquad$ . 13. Name a diameter. $\qquad$

## Use the diagram below for problems 14-16.


14. Name the central angle and find its measure.
15. Name the minor arc and find its measure.
16. Name the major arc and find its measure.

In the diagram below, $\overline{P S}$ and $\overline{T R}$ are diameters. Find the requested arc measures.

17. $m T S$
18. $m P Q$
19. $m T P Q$
20. $m T Q R$
21. $m T R Q$
22. $m S R Q$

Find the measure of the inscribed angle or the intercepted arc.
23. $m B C$

24.

25. $m B D C$


Use the diagram below to find the requested angle or arc measure. $\overline{B D}$ and $\overline{E A}$ are diameters.

30. $m \angle A E D$
31. $m B A D$
32. $m \angle B E D$
33. $m B D A$

